2008 Public Sector Cucumber Research Priority Survey

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The mission of the Cucumber Improvement Program in the Vegetable Crops Research Unit (VCRU) of USDA-ARS, Madison is to conduct researches to serve the needs of the cucumber industry and consumers. For researchers in a public institution, it is useful to survey their clientele and prioritize their research to address major problems. In December 2008, a national wide survey was conducted to identify priorities for cucumber research in the public sector (see Appendix for the survey design). The questions in the survey were in four categories: diseases, insects, abiotic stresses and other issues. In each category, the respondent was asked to identify and rank in the order of importance of current problems in cucumber production. Write-in space was provided in case the respondents had additional important issues.

The survey was sent to cucumber-related researchers in public institutions (mainly university research and extension faculty), seed companies (cucumber breeders), as well as people working in the cucumber industry. Twenty-one feedbacks were received, of which seven, five, and nine respondents were from the public, private sectors, and the industry, respectively. The results were compiled by inverting the ranks by each respondent where a rank of 1 (top priority) was assigned a value of 5, and a rank of 2 was assigned a value of 4 and so on. Therefore, a surveyed question with the highest value had the highest priority in this category. The results from the public and private sectors, as well as the industry were compiled separately to reflect their different responses to certain questions.

The survey results are summarized in Table 1. The issues in each category were arranged according to the overall ranking of their importance among all respondents. For cucumber diseases, it is clear that downy mildew had the highest priority. Phytophthora fruit rot, angular leaf spot (ALS), cucumber mosaic virus (CMV) and root knot nematode (RKN) are other four with major

concerns. Respondents from seed companies also indicated the importance to work with anthracnose and belly rot. Among the major insects, cucumber beetles were ranked the top priority, followed by aphids, pickleworm and thrips. For abiotic stresses, herbicide damage, cold germination, and drought/heat stresses were some important issues. For other cucumber research-related issues (category 4), higher yield was the top priority among public and industry respondents. Improving pre- and post-harvest fruit qualities was also emphasized. Meanwhile, respondents of seed companies ranked 'broadening cucumber genetic diversity' and 'Use molecular markers in marker-assisted selection' as the top priorities. In addition, seed company respondents also emphasized improving fruit nutrition and developing cucumber genomics resources.

In addition to questions asked in the four categories, other issues raised by the respondents during this survey included hybrids for the small cucumber 1A, 1B size market and developing machine harvest system to accommodate this fruit; improve seed vigor; increase fruit per plant; development of parthenocarpic varieties, and finally controlling Length/Diameter ratios with water/fertilizer applications.

To summarize, although rigorous statistical methods were not applied to the survey data, this survey provided very useful information for public sector researchers to prioritize their research to address needs of the cucumber industry in the U.S.

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Table 1. Results of Public Sector Research Priority Survey

Coto	Industry		Private		Public		All	
Categories	Weights	Rank	Weights	Rank	Weights	Rank	Weights	Rank
1. Diseases								
Downy mildew (DM)	39	1	20	1	33	1	92	1
Phytophthora fruit rot	23	2	13	3	21	2	57	2
Angular leaf spot (ALS)	18	3	11	4	6	5	35	3
Cucumber mosaic virus (CMV)	9		8	5	9	4	26	4
Root knot nematode (RKN)	6		14	2	4		24	5
Bacterial wilt (BW)	6		1		11	3	18	6
Powdery mildew (PM)	9		2		5		16	7
Anthracnose	13	4	0		2		15	8
Belly rot	15	5	0		0		15	9
Gummy stem blight (GSB)	8		3		2		13	10
Watermelon mosaic virus (WMV)	3		4		4		11	11
Zucchini yellow mosaic virus (ZYMV)	1		5		5		11	12
Cucurbit Yellow Stunting Disorder Virus	2		6		3		11	13
Fusarium wilt (FW)	6		3		1		10	14
Watermelon strain of papaya ringspot virus	2		0		3		5	15
Scab	3		0		0		3	16
2. Insect pests								
Cucumber beetles	25	1	23	1	29	1	77	1
Aphids	24	2	13	2	16	2	53	2
Pickleworm	22	3	13	2	10	3	45	3
Thrips	18	5	11	3	10	3	39	4
Whiteflies	20	4	11	3	7	4	38	5
Spider mites	6		3	4	5	5	14	6
Leaf miners	5		0		5	5	10	7
Others.	5						5	8
3. Abiotic stresses								
Herbicide damage	26	1	17	1	20	2	63	1
Drought stress	21	3	17	1	17	4	55	2
Cold germination	14	4	7	4	24	1	45	3
Heat damage	25	2	7	4	4	5	36	4
Chilling damage	7	5	13	2	14	3	34	5
Saline stress (salt tolerance)	2		11	3	1		14	6
4. Other issues								
Higher fruit yield	32	1	14	2	16	1	62	1
Improve pre-harvest fruit quality	24	2	3	5	16	1	43	2
Broaden cucumber genetic diversity	12	4	22	1	7	5	41	3
Use of molecular marker-assisted selection	12	4	22	1	5		39	4
Improve post-harvest fruit quality	15	3	0		14	2	29	5
Improved fruit nutrition	7		11	3	7	5	25	6
Develop cucumber genomic resources	4		9	4	11	3	24	7
Develop GMOs	9	5	0		8	4	17	8

Appendix

2008 Cucumber Research Priority Survey

1. I am a	a						
	Grower	Processor					
	Broker/Marketer	Salter					
	Green shipper	Public researcher					
	Private researcher Others. Please specify						
2. My w	ork focuses primarily on						
		Processing cucumber					
3. If Gro	ower, please check:						
	Less than 100 acres	100 to 500 acres > 500 acres					
4. Areas	where you operate (che	ck all that apply):					
For questi	Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, T Midwest (IA, IL, IN, KS, M West (AK, CA, CO, HI, ID, International. Please speci	, MN, MO, ND, NE, OH, SD, WI)					
	iority and 5 being lower prior						
5. Disea	ises						
	Anthracnose (Colletotric	chum orbiculare)					
	Downy mildew (DM) (Ps	eudoperonospora cubensis)					
	Fusarium wilt (Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. cucumerinum)						
		vmella bryoniae, Phoma cucurbitacearum)					
		1					
	Belly rot (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Phytophthora fruit rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)						
	Scab (Cladosporium cucumerinum)						
	Angular leaf spot (ALS) (Pseudomonas syringae pv. lachrymans)						
		N) (Meloidogyne incognita; M. javanica; M. arenaria)					
		e specify					
	Watermelon strain of par						
	Cucurbit Yellow Stunting Other diseases. Please s						
	Other diseases. I lease s	poorry					

6. Insect	•		77.1 '. (I.
	_ Cucumber beetles		_ Whiteflies
	_ Spider mites		_ Leaf miners
	_ Pickleworm _ Aphids		Others. Please specify
	_ Apinus		
7. Abiotic	factors affecting cucumber prod	luction	
	_ Chilling damage		_ Cold germination
	_ Drought stress		Heat damage
	Saline stress (salt tolerance)		Herbicide damage
	Others. Please specify		
	Develop GMOs (Genetically Modis Improve pre-harvest fruit quality (s Improved fruit nutrition (carotenoi	aploid product brining quality fied Organisms shape, color, in ds content, sol	ion, ETS) y, shelf-life,) s) iternal defects,) lid content, nutraceutical)
9. Other	problems not listed. Please spec	ify.	

10. Additional comments related to research needs.